

*Article I.* As soon as the preliminaries shall be signed and ratified, sincere friendship shall be re-established between his Britannick majesty and his Most Christian majesty and between his Britannick majesty and his Catholic majesty, their kingdoms, states, and subjects, by sea, and by land, in all parts of the world. Orders shall be sent to the armies and squadrons, as well as to the subjects of the three powers, to stop all hostilities, and to live in the most perfect union, forgetting what has passed, of which their sovereigns give them the order and example: And, for the execution of this article, sea passes shall be given, on each side, for the ships, which shall be dispatched to carry the news of it to the respective possessions of the three powers.

II. His Most Christian majesty renounces all pretensions which he has heretofore formed, or might have formed in Nova Scotia, or Acadia, in all its parts, and guaranties the whole of it, with all its dependencies, to the king of Great Britain: Moreover, his Most Christian majesty cedes, and guaranties, to his said Britannick majesty, in full right, Canada, with all its dependencies, as well as the island of Cape Breton, and all the other islands in the Gulf and River of St. Laurence, without restriction, and without any liberty to depart from this cession and guaranty, under any pretence, or to trouble Great Britain in the possessions above mentioned. His Britannick majesty, on his side, agrees to grant to the inhabitants of Canada, the liberty of the Catholic religion: he will, in consequence, give the most exact and the most effectual orders, that his new Roman Catholic subjects may profess the worship of their religion, according to the rites of the Roman church, as far as the laws of Great Britain permit. His Britannick majesty further agrees that the French inhabitants, or others who would have been subjects of the Most Christian king in Canada, may retire, in all safety and freedom, wherever they please; and may sell their estates, provided it be to his Britannick majesty's subjects, and transport their effects, as well as their persons, without being restrained in their emigration, under any pretence whatsoever, except debts, or criminal prosecutions: the term limited for this emigration being